

History of Tobacco quiz answers

1. The first pictorial record of tobacco smoking was found on Guatemalan pottery from which era
A. 600-1000BC
2. Who is said to have 'discovered' Tobacco in the New World?
A. Christopher Columbus in 1492
3. What did King James 1st think of Tobacco?
A. 'a custom loathsome to the eye, hateful to the nose, harmful to the brain, dangerous to the lungs, and in the black stinking fume thereof nearest resembling the horrible stygian smoke of the pit that is bottomless.'
4. When was the first smoking in public ban introduced- (Extra point for where)?
A. 1632 Massachusetts (although this was preceded by Mongolia in 1617 where the emperor placed a death penalty on those using tobacco and Japanese prohibition in 1620)
5. Which King was the first to impose a tax on tobacco and when?
A. Louis XI of France in 1629
6. Who were the first countries involved in Tobacco advertising
A. England and America 1606
7. What did the journal Health Medicine 1701 report would happen to young people if they smoked? Is there any truth in this?
A. young people taking too much tobacco have trembling, unsteady hands, staggering feet and suffer a withering of "their noble parts."
There is some truth in this See Health effects and sex and the ciggy
8. Where was the worlds largest tobacco processing factory based until the 1950s?
Seville in Spain
8. Where was Britain's main tobacco port in the 18th Century?
A. Glasgow
1. When were links made between cancer and smoking?
A. 1787 snuff was linked to cancer of the lip and in 1791 to nasal cancers.
2. When and where was nicotine first cited as a poison?
A. Germany in 1828
3. When was the sale of tobacco first banned to children under 16?
A. In 1890 the first regulation occurred in the USA to minors (aged 14-24).
Regulation in Britain didn't come into effect until 1908 with the Children's Act based on the belief that smoking stunted childrens' growth.
13. When was the first strong link between smoking and lung cancer made?
A. 1912 by Dr Issac Adler
14. What happened to smoking rates among men after the first world war?
A. Virtually an entire generation returned from the war addicted to cigarettes which was supplied during the war as part of the rations and seen as 'indispensable'
15. Why did smoking become popular among women in the early part of 20th Century?
A. 1919: BUSINESS: ADVERTISING: Lorillard unsuccessfully targets women with its Helmar and Murad brands. 1927: ADVERTISING: 1927 Philip Morris, RJR and ATC target women in Marlboro, Camel and Lucky Strike advertisements. Which use testimonials from female movie stars. Smoking initiation rates among adolescent

females triple between 1925-1935.

1. Which decade were health warning first displayed on cigarette packs?
A 1960's (1964)
2. When was cigarette advertising banned on TV in the UK?
A. 1965
3. When was it decided to print health warnings on cigarettes in the UK?
A 1971
4. When did bans on all smoking advertizing begin in the UK?
A 1996
5. When did Scotland, Ireland and England first introduce bans in public/
workplaces
A Ireland 2004,Scotland 2006 and England and Wales 2007
6. Who is included excluded from the above law?
A. Those in prisons and residential care centres in Scotland

Answers can be found in the Tobacco Timeline by Gene Borio and YSTEPs Tobacco
Timeline